



Course Title: Control of Electrical Power Systems
Date: 9 /6 /2013 (Second term)

Course Code: EPM3216
Allowed time: 3 hrs

Year: 3rd
No. of pages: (2)

Answer the following questions

Question (1) (20 Marks)

Consider a unity negative feedback system that is shown in Fig. (1)

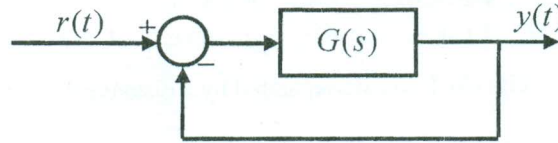


Fig. (1) Closed-loop system

The forward loop transfer function is given by:

$$G(s) = \frac{k}{s(s+3)(s+6)}$$

Design a suitable compensating circuit to meet the following specifications:

- The step response **settling time** is to be less than **5 sec**.
- The step response **overshoot** is to be less than **17 %**.
- The **steady-state error** to a unit ramp input must not exceed **10 %**.

Question (2) (15 Marks)

A servomechanism position control has the plant transfer function which is given by:

$$G(s) = \frac{k}{s^2(s+4)}$$

You are to **design** a proper compensating circuit that is inserted in series with plant transfer function as shown in the compensated closed-loop system that is depicted in Fig. (2)

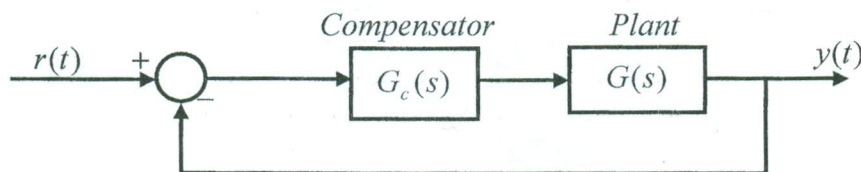


Fig. (2) Compensated system

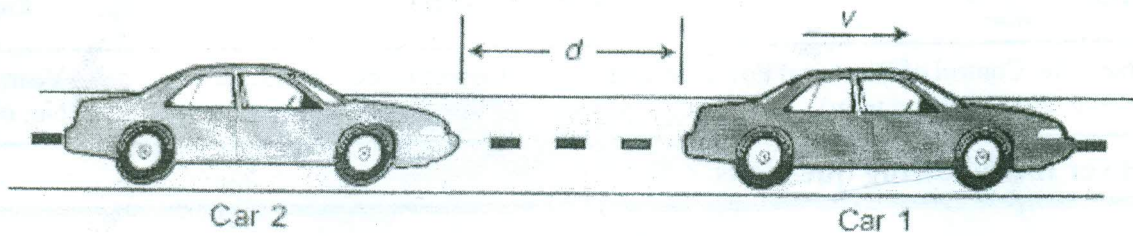
The compensator is required to achieve the following desired specifications:

- The response to a reference step input is to have no more than **25% overshoot**.
- The response to a reference step input is to have a **settling time** of no more than **5 sec**.

Question (3) (20 Marks)

Consider two cars, as shown in Fig. (3), separated by a distance d , which can range between 0 and 120 feet. Car (1) travels at a speed of v , ranging from 0 to 80 mph. Depending on the speed and distance, car (2) has several braking options (B) ranging from light to hard if car (1) slows down or stops. **Design a fuzzy logic controller** to generate the braking strength B of car (2). The fuzzy controller has two inputs (d and v) and one output.

- Create three triangular-shaped fuzzy sets for each input and output.
- Establish a set of heuristic fuzzy rules for the braking output as a function of the speed and distance. Explain how these rules are proposed?
- Using the center of gravity method, calculate the value of the outcome B if car (1) is traveling at 65 mph and the distance between car (1) and car (2) is 45 feet.



d = distance between cars
 v = velocity (speed) of car 1
 B = braking strength (function of d and v)

Fig. (3) Two cars separated by a distance d

Question (4) (20 Marks)

Consider the tank with liquid shown in Fig. (4). It is required to design a fuzzy controller that will maintain that liquid level at a desired point (the set point-tracking problem). Suppose that the tank is **10 feet** tall and the tank is empty. We want to fill the tank to a level of **5 feet**, so we make the current set point, h_{ref} , equal to **5 feet**. The current level at any time t is designated as h . Liquid flows out of the tank through an open valve. This flow is designated by the letter q . Liquid flows into the tank by means of a pump. The pump flow, Q , can be regulated by the controller. The tank cross-sectional area is designated by the letter A . For the fuzzy controller, there are two inputs and one output control signal. The inputs are error e and rate of error \dot{e} such that: $e = h_{ref} - h$ and $\dot{e} = -\dot{h}$.

- a) **Design PID-type FLC** with configuration consists of **fuzzy PD + Fuzzy PI**. By using the standard step response of a 2nd order system, explain how the fuzzy rules are chosen? You can utilize **3 symmetrical triangular** membership functions for the inputs and the output.
- b) **Draw** the overall schematic diagram of the closed-loop system illustrating a detailed blocks of the system.

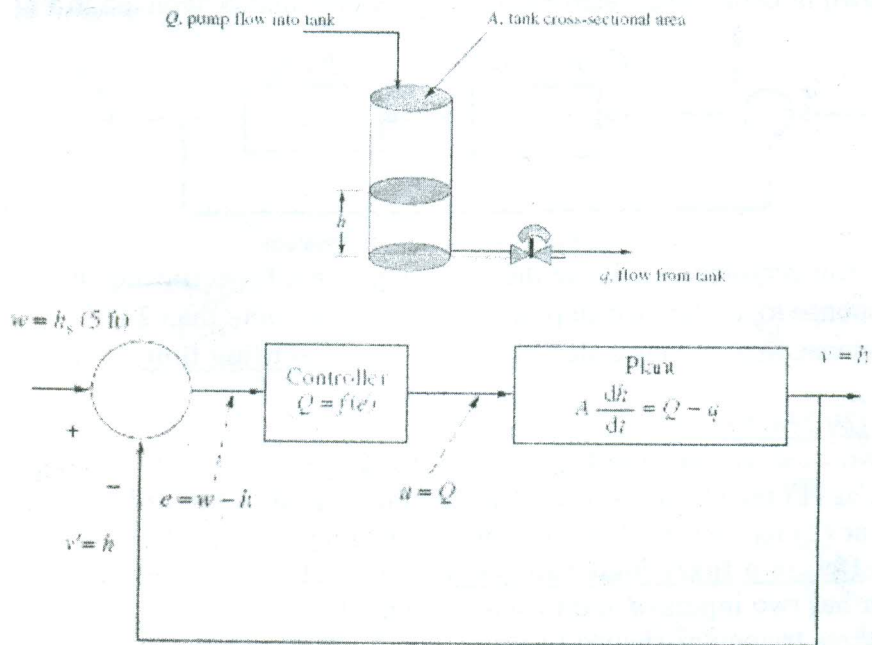


Fig. 4 Tank with a liquid level to be controlled

Good Luck

